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Thank you for your purchasing "Fuji Digital Temperature Controller." Please check that the product is exactly the one you ordered and use it according to the following instructions. (Please refer to a separate operation manual for details.) Dealers are cordially requested to ensure the delivery of this Instruction Manual to hands of the end-users.

### NOTICE

The contents of this document may be changed in the future without prior notice.

We paid the utmost care for the accuracy of the contents. However, we are not liable for direct and indirect damages resulting from incorrect descriptions, omission of information, and use of information in this document.

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## Check of specifications and accessories

Before using the controller, check if the type and specifications are as ordered. (A table of Model code configuration is given in Page 34).

Check that all of the following accessories are included in the package box.

| <ul> <li>Temperature controller 1 unit</li> <li>Instruction manual 1 copy</li> <li>Mounting bracket 1 pc.</li> <li>I/V unit (250 Ω resistor) 1 pc. (4-20mA DC input type only)</li> </ul> |
|---|
| <ul> <li>Watertight packing 1 pc. (4-20mA DC input type only)</li> <li>Watertight packing 1 pc.</li> </ul>  |
|   |

## The related documents

For details, refer to the following documents.

| Contents         | Name                         | Document No. |
|------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| Specifications   | Catalogue                    | ECNO:1125    |
| Operation method | MICRO-CONTROLLER X           | ECNO:406     |
|                  | (Model:PXR) OPERATION MANUAL |              |

## **Safety Precautions**

Before using this product, the user is requested to read the following precautions carefully to ensure the safety. Safety precautions must be taken by every user to prevent accidents.

The safety requirements are classified into "Warning" and "Caution" according to the following interpretations :

| Warning | Suggesting that the user's mishandling can result in personal death or serious injury.          |
|---------|---|
| Caution | Suggesting that the user's mishandling can result in personal injury or damage to the property. |

# **AWARNING** Over-temperature Protection

"Any control system design should take into account that any part of the system has the potential to fail".

"For temperature control systems, continued heating should be considered the most dangerous condition, and the machine should be designed to automatically stop heating if unregulated due to the failure of the control unit or for any other reason".

The following are the most likely causes of unwanted continued heating:

1) Controller failure with heating output constantly on

- 2) Disengagement of the temperature sensor from the system
- 3) A short circuit in the thermocouple wiring
- 4) A valve or switch contact point outside the system is locked to keep the heat switched on.

In any application where physical injury or destruction of equipment might occur, we recommend the installation of independent safety equipment, with a separate temperature sensor, to disable the heating circuit in case of overheating.

The controller alarm signal is not designed to function as a protective measure in case of controller failure.



### 1.1 Installation and wiring

• This controller designed to be installed at the following conditions.

| Operating temperature | -10 to +50 [°C ]                 |                         |  |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Operating humidity    | 90%RH or less (Non condensation) |                         |  |
| Installation category | II                               | Conforming to IEC1010-1 |  |
| Pollution degree      | 2                                |                         |  |

• The controller must be installed such that with the exception of the connection to the mains, creepage and clearance distances shown in the table below are maintained between the temperature probe and any other assemblies which use or generate a voltage shown in the table below. Failure to maintain these minimum distances would invalidate the EN 61010 safety approval.

| Voltage used or generated by any assemblies | Clearance<br>(mm) | Creepage<br>(mm) |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Up to 50Vrms or Vdc                         | 0.2               | 1.2              |
| Up to 100Vrms or Vdc                        | 0.2               | 1.4              |
| Up to 150Vrms or Vdc                        | 0.5               | 1.6              |
| Up to 300Vrms or Vdc                        | 1.5               | 3.0              |
| Above 300Vrms or Vdc Contact with our sales |                   | ur sales office. |

• If the voltage shown above exceeds 50Vdc (i.e. hazardous voltage), the basic insulation is required between all terminals of this controller and the ground, and supplementary insulation is required for the alarm output.

Isolation class of this controller is as shown below. Be sure to check that the isolation class of the controller satisfies your requirements before installation.

| Mains (Power source)           | Measured value input                                |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Control output1 (relay output) | Internal circuit                                    |
| Alarm output (AL1)             | Control output1 (SSR drive output / Current output) |
| Alarm output (AL2)             |   |

- If there is a danger of a serious accident resulting from a failure or a defect in this unit, provide the unit with an appropriate external protective circuit to prevent an accident.
- The unit is normally supplied without a power switch and fuses.
   Make wiring so that the fuse is placed between the main power supply switch and this controller. (Main power supply: 2 pole breaker, fuse rating: 250V, 1A)
- When wiring the power supply terminal, use vinyl insulated 600 volt cable or equivalent.
- To avoid the damage and failure of controller, supply the power voltage fitting to the rating.
- To avoid an electric shock and controller failure, do not turn ON the power before all wiring is completed.
- Be sure to check that the distance is kept to avoid electric shock or firing before turning the power ON.
- Keep away from terminals while the circuit is energized in order to avoid an electric shock and a malfunction.
- Never attempt to disassemble, fabricate, modify, or repair this unit because tampering with the unit may result in a malfunction, electric shock, or a fire.

### **1.2 Maintenance precautions**

- Be sure to turn off the power before this controller is installed or removed in order to avoid an electric shock, malfunction, and fault.
- Regular maintenance is recommended a longer service life of this controller.
   Some parts of this controller have a limited life span, or they will be deteriorated with the lapse of time.
- One-year warranty is guaranteed for this unit including accessories, provided that the controller is properly used.



### 2.1 Cautions on installation

Avoid the following places for installation.

- A place where the ambient temperature may reach beyond the range of from 0 to 50°C while in operation.
- A place where the ambient humidity may reach beyond the range of from 45 to 85% RH while in operation.
- A place where a change in the ambient temperature is so rapid as to cause condensation.
- A place where corrosive gases (sulfide gas and ammonia gas, in particular) or combustible gases are emitted.
- A place where the unit is subject directly to vibration or shock. (Vibration or shock may cause output relay malfunction.)
- A place exposed to water, oil, chemicals, steam and vapor. (if immersed with water, take the inspection by sales office to avoid an electrical leakage and firing)
- A place where the unit is exposed to dust, salt air, or air containing iron particles.
- A place where the unit is subject to intereference with static electricity, magnetism, and noise.
- A place where the unit is exposed to direct sunlight.
- A place where the heat may be accumulated due to the radiation of heat.

### 2.2 Caution on installation on panel

- Insert the mounting bracket (accessory) from the rear side until the main unit is securely fit into the panel. If there are some gaps, tighten two screws until the gaps are eliminated. (Do not tighten the screws excessively because the mounting bracket can be removed from the stopper by the force.)
- The front side of this controller conforms to NEMA4X (equivalent with IP66). To ensure the waterproofness between the instrument and the panel, use packings that are provided as accessories in the following manner: (The improper fitting of packings will ruin the waterproofness.)
  - (1) As shown in Figure 1, fit a packing to the case of the unit and then insert it in the panel.
  - (2) Tighten screws on the fixing frame or fixtures so that no gaps are given between the front of controller and packing and between panels. Check that there are no deformation of packing as shown in Fig.3.
- If panel strength is weak, it may causes a gap between the packing and the panel, thus impairing water resistance.

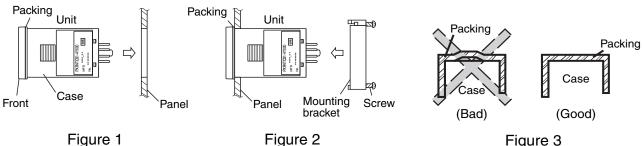
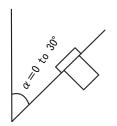


Figure 3

-6-

(Caution)

- Don't block the openings around the controller, or radiation effect will be reduced.
- Don't block the ventilation openings at the top of the terminal block.



Standard : Vertical mounting, flush on the panel. (The controller is horizontal.) When mounting the controller on tilted surface, the maximum tilt angle is 30° (degree) from virtical.

### 2.3 Precautions in wiring connection

- For the thermocouple sensor type, use thermocouple compensation wires for wiring. For the RTD type, use a wiring material with a small lead wire resistance and no resistance differentials among three wires.
- Keep input lines away from power line and load line to avoid the influence from noise induced.
- For the input and output signal lines, be sure to use shielded wires and keep them away from each other.

 If a noise level is excessive in the power supply, the additional installation of an insulating transformer and the use of a noise filter are recommended. (example: ZMB22R5-11 Noise Filter manufactured by TDK)

Make sure that the noise filter is installed to a place such as a panel that is properly grounded. The wiring between the noise filter output terminal and the instrument power supply terminal should be made as short as possible. None of fuses or switches should be installed to the wiring on the noise filter output side because the filter effect will be degraded by such an installation.

- A better anti-noise effect can be expected by using stranded power supply cable for the instrument. (The shorter the stranding pitch is, the better the anti-noise effect can be expected.)
- A setup time is required for the contact output when the power is turned on. If the contact output is used as a signal for an external interlock circuit, use a delay relay at the same time.
- Use the auxiliary relay since the life is shortened if full capacity load is connected to the output relay. SSR/SSC drive output type is preferred if the output operations occur frequently.

[Proportional interval] relay output : 30 seconds or more,

SSR/SSC : one second or more

• If inductive load such as magnetic switches connected as a relay output load, it is recommended to use Z-Trap manufactured by Fuji Electric to protect a contact from switching serge and keep a longer life.

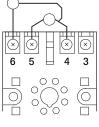
Model : ENE241D-05A (power supply voltage: 100 V)

ENE471D-05A (power supply voltage: 200 V)

Where to install : Connect it between contacts of the relay control output.

Example)

In case of TP48X



Z-Trap connection

### 2.4 Requirement for key operation/operation in abnormalities

- Prior to the operation, be sure to check alarm functions, since a failure in the proper setting will result in a failure in the proper output of an alarm in case of an abnormality.
- A display of UUUU or LLLL will appear in case of a break in the input. Be sure to turn off the power when a sensor is replaced.

### 2.5 Others

• Do not use organic solvents such as alcohol and benzine to wipe this controller. Use a neutral detergent for wiping the controller.

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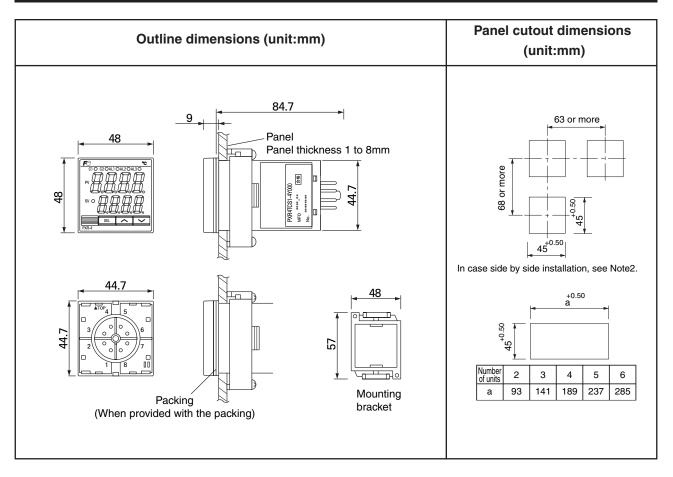
|   | <reference items=""></reference>             | <description></description>   |
|---|--|---|
|   | Confirming type specification                | <ul> <li>Confirming that the delivered<br/>controller is equal to the ordered<br/>one.</li> <li>Outline dimensions</li> </ul> |
|   |  |   |
| 1 | Installation/mounting                        | Panel cutout dimensions   |
|   |  | Mounting method on the panel  |
| 2 | Wiring                                       | Terminal connection diagram   |
|   | $\downarrow$                                 |   |
|   | Power on                                     |   |
|   | $\downarrow$                                 |   |
| 3 | Usages                                       | <ul> <li>Set value change method</li> <li>Basic operation method</li> </ul>   |
| 4 | Display and operation                        | <ul> <li>List of parameters</li> </ul>  |
| 5 | Setting method of temperature and parameters | List of input/output/alarm codes  |
| 6 | Functions                                    |   |
|   |  | -<br>-  |
| 7 | Setting of input type and control method.    | • Setting of input type and ranges  |
|   | <u></u>                                      | <ul> <li>Selecting of control method</li> <li>Automatic setup of control</li> </ul>   |
|   | Operation                                    | parameters by auto tuning   |
|   | ↓  | 1   |
| 8 | Error indications                            |   |

(Note) To start the operation, wait for about 30 minutes after the power-on for warm up.

1

# Installation/mounting

### **Outline and Panel Cutout Dimensions**



Note1) Panel cutout dimensions should also satisfy the values shown in the above figure after the panel is coated.

### Note2)

Caution on side by side installation

The ambient temperature should not exceed 45°C, if the power supply is of AC 200V system.
 Furthermore, we recommend use of power supply of AC 100V system, if the equipment is of appressed mounting in a vertical position.

(We recommend use of a fan, as a heat radiating measure, in either case.)

- When there is another instrument (larger than 70mm) or a wall on the right side of this controller, be sure to install the controller keeping a space of more than 30mm.
- Wateproofness cannot be ensured in the case of side-by-side installation.

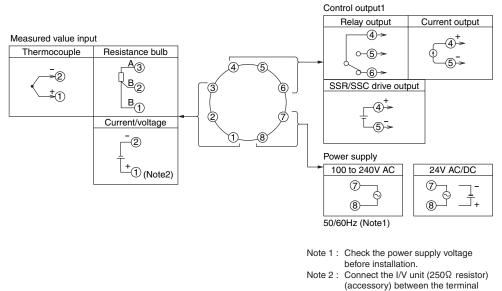
### Terminal Connection Diagram (100 to 240 AC, 24V AC/24V DC)

### (1) Without alarm functions 8-pin socket

• When compatible with PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4 thermocouple input terminal

(When either one of the following is selected for the 5th digit of the code symbols: "T," "R," "W," "A" and "B") Note that the terminal lowert of the resistance bulk input type differe from that of

Note that the terminal layout of the resistance bulb input type differs from that of PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4.

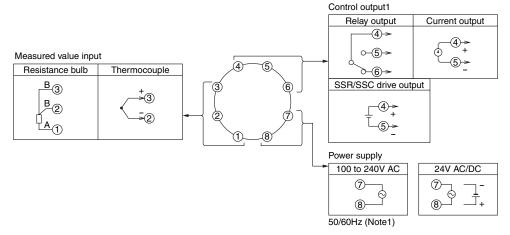


When compatible with PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4 resistance bulb input terminal

1) and 2) in case of current input.

(When either one of the following is selected for the 5th digit of the code symbols: "N" and "S")

Note that the terminal layout of the thermocouple input type differs from that of PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4.



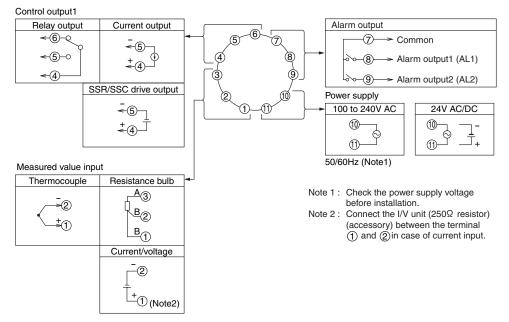
### Terminal Connection Diagram (100 to 240 AC, 24V AC/24V DC)

### (2) With alarm functions 11-pin socket

• When compatible with PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4 thermocouple input terminal

(When either one of the following is selected for the 5th digit of the code symbols: "T," "R," "W," "A" and "B")

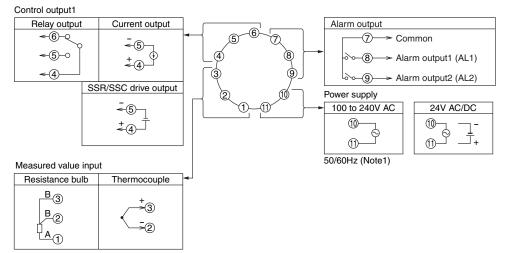
Note that the terminal layout of the resistance bulb input type differs from that of PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4.



• When compatible with PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4 resistance bulb input terminal

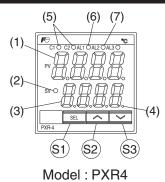
(When either one of the following is selected for the 5th digit of the code symbols: "N" and "S")

Note that the terminal layout of the thermocouple input type differs from that of PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4.



# 3 Usage (Read before using)

### Name of Functional Parts and Functions



### Setting keys

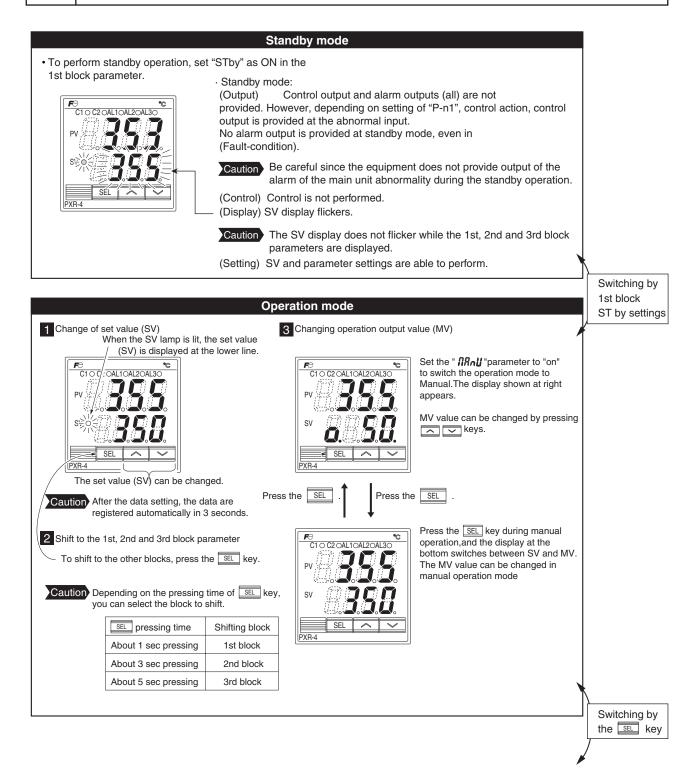
|            | Name       | Function  |
|------------|------------|---|
| <b>S1</b>  | Select key | The key shifting to the 1st, the 2nd or the 3rd block parameter, switching the display between parameter and the data at the 1st, the 2nd and the 3rd block.  |
| <b>S</b> 2 | Up key     | <ul> <li>The numerical value is increased by pressing the key once. The numerical value keeps on increasing by pressing the key continuously.</li> <li>For searching parameters within the 1st, the 2nd and the 3rd block.</li> </ul> |
| <b>S</b> 3 | Down key   | <ul> <li>The numerical value is decreased by pressing the key once. The numerical value keeps on decreasing by pressing the key continuously.</li> <li>For searching parameters within the 1st, the 2nd and the 3rd block.</li> </ul> |

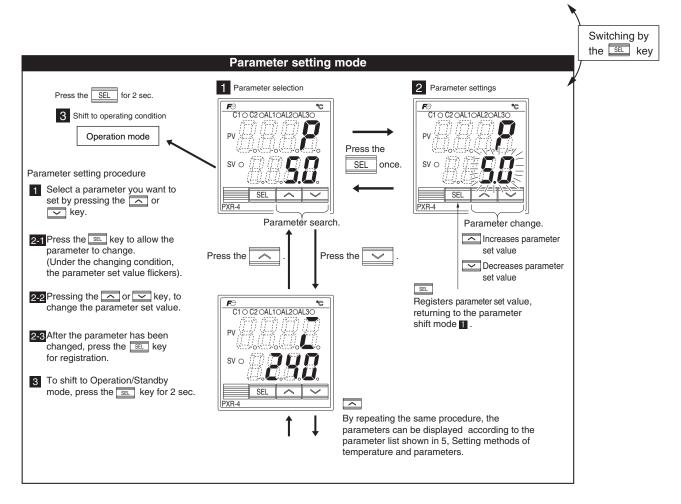
### Display/Indication

|     | Name  | Function   |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | Process value (PV)/<br>parameter name<br>display    | <ol> <li>Displays a process value (PV).</li> <li>Displays the parameter symbols at parameter setting mode.</li> <li>Displays various error indications (refer to "8. Error indications").</li> </ol> |
| (2) | Set value (SV) indication lamp                      | The lamp is lit while a set value (SV) is displayed.   |
| (3) | Set value (SV)/<br>parameter setting<br>display     | <ol> <li>Displays a set value (SV).</li> <li>Display the parameter settings at parameter setting mode.</li> <li>Flickers at Standby mode.</li> </ol>   |
| (4) | Auto-tuning/self-<br>tuning indicator               | The lamp flickers while the PID auto-tuning or the self-tuning is being performed.   |
| (5) | Control output indication lamp                      | C1 : The lamp is lit while the control output 1 is ON.<br>C2 : The lamp is not lit in case of this unit.   |
| (6) | Alarm output 1 (AL1)<br>indication lamp<br>(Note 1) | The lamp is lit when the alarm output 1 is activated. It flickers during ON delay operation.   |
| (7) | Alarm output 2 (AL2)<br>indication lamp<br>(Note 1) | The lamp is lit when the alarm output 2 is activated. It flickers during ON delay operation.   |

Note 1) Alarm function is optional.

# 4 Display and operation





Note1: When this controller is turned on in manual operation mode, the control output will be the registered value (MV).

So, it is necessary to consider if the operation output value (MV) is dangerous or not.

Note2: If the upper display (PV) comes off (or kept extinguished), make the setting once again by adding 64 to the set value of parameter DP13.

### 5

## Setting methods of temperature and parameters

| Operation/Sta                            | indby mode            |                              |                               |           |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Alarm status                             | Auto                  | Manual                       | Standby                       |           |
| PV value                                 | C1 O C2 OAL1OAL2OAL3O | C1 O C2 OAL1OAL2OAL3O        | C1 O C2 OAL1OAL2OAL3O         | • If r    |
| SV value                                 | PV                    | PV                           | PV                            | co<br>the |
| when the set value                       | <b></b>               | sv <b>0</b>                  | SV BOOL                       | to<br>aft |
| (SV) is displayed at the lower line, the | PXR-4                 | PXB -                        | PXR-4                         |           |
| SV lamp is lit.                          | MV                    | value indication lamp is lit | SV value indication flickers. |           |
| Press for about                          | 1 sec. SEL            | $\Lambda$                    |                               |           |

no operation status ontinues for 30 seconds, ne screen is restored the PV/SV display just fter the power is turned on.

Press for about 1 sec. SEL

### 1st block parameter

SEL

Press for about 2 sec.

| Param<br>displa                     | eter<br>/ symbol | Parameter                    |         | Descriptio   | on of contents        |         | Default<br>setting | Remark             |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------|--|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|
| NRAU                                | MAnU             | Selecting manual mode        | ON: M   | Switch the operation mode by selecting Auto/Manual<br>ON: Manual mode<br>OFF: Auto mode                      |                       |         | OFF                | Note 4             |
| SF69                                | STbY             | Standby settings             | ON: C   | Switches RUN or Standby of the control.<br>ON: Control standby (output: OFF, alarm: OFF)<br>OFF: Control RUN |                       |         | OFF                |                    |
| Proū                                | ProG             | Ramp/soak control            | OFF: st | top, rUn: Start, HLd   | status hold           |         | OFF                |                    |
| LACH                                | LACH             | Alarm latch cancel           |         | es alarm latch.<br>m latch release   |                       |         | 0                  |                    |
| RE                                  | AT               | Auto-tuning                  | 0: Stop | , 1: Standard AT sta   | rt, 2: Low PV type AT | 「 start | 0                  |                    |
| rn- I                               | TM-1             | Timer 1 display              |         |  | remining time at the  | delay   | -                  |                    |
| rn-2                                | TM-2             | Timer 2 display              | mode.   | mode. (sec)  |                       |         | -                  |                    |
| RL I                                | AL1              | Alarm 1 set value            |         | (appears only with alarm action type 1 to 10).<br>Setting range: Note 1                                      |                       |         | 10                 |                    |
| R I-L                               | A1-L             | Alarm 1 low limit set value  |         | (appears only with alarm action type 16 to 31).<br>Setting range: Note 1                                     |                       |         | 10                 |                    |
| R I-H                               | A1-H             | Alarm 1 high limit set value |         | (appears only with alarm action type 16 to 31).<br>Setting range: Note 1                                     |                       |         | 10                 | Table 4            |
| RL2                                 | AL2              | Alarm 2 set value            |         | (appears only with alarm action type 1 to 10).<br>Setting range: Note 1                                      |                       |         | 10                 | (Page 32<br>Note 1 |
| 82-L                                | A2-L             | Alarm 2 low limit set value  |         | (appears only with alarm action type 16 to 31).<br>Setting range: Note 1                                     |                       |         | 10                 |                    |
| R5-H                                | A2-H             | Alarm 2 high limit set value |         | rs only with alarm ac<br>range: Note 1   | tion type 16 to 31).  |         | 10                 |                    |
| Loĺ                                 | LoC              | Key lock                     | Setting | of key lock status.  |                       |         | 0                  |                    |
|                                     |                  |                              |         | All parameters   | SV                    |         |                    |                    |
|                                     |                  |                              | LoC     | Front key  | Front key             | -       |                    |                    |
|                                     |                  |                              | 0       | 0  | 0                     |         |                    |                    |
|                                     |                  |                              | 1       | ×  | X                     |         |                    | Note 3             |
|                                     |                  |                              | 2       | ×  | 0                     | -       |                    |                    |
|                                     |                  |                              | 3       | 0<br>X   | 0                     | -       |                    |                    |
|                                     |                  |                              | 4       | × ×  | × 0                   | -       |                    |                    |
| O: Setting enable, X: Setting disab |                  |                              |         |  | L                     |         |                    |                    |

Note 1) Setting range : 0 to 100%FS (in case of absolute value alarm)

-100 to 100%FS (in case of deviation alarm)

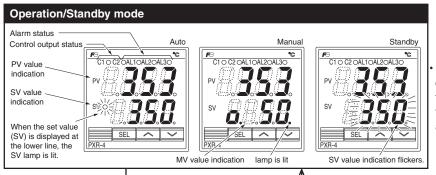
Never set "TC" = 0. Note 2)

Note 3) Be aware that key locking the parameter will lock the manual MV as well.

Note 4) Mamual operation cannot be made when P is set to "0".

De-energized: Contact opens when the alarm "ON". Note 5)

· Some parameters may not be displayed on the screen, depending upon the types.



If no operation status continues for 30 seconds, the screen is restored to the PV/SV display just after the power is turned o

Press for about 3 sec. SEL

SEL Press for about 2 sec.

### 2nd block parameter

| Param<br>displa | neter<br>y symbol  | Parameter  | Description of contents  | Default<br>setting | Remark            |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| Ρ               | Р                  | Proportional band                                  | Setting range: 0.0 to 999.9%<br>ON/OFF control when "P" = 0  | 5.0                | Note 4            |
| Ĺ               | I                  | Integral time (reset)                              | Setting range: 0 to 3200 sec.<br>No integral action when "I" = 0   | 240                |                   |
| d               | D                  | Derivative action time                             | Setting range: 0.0 to 999.9 sec.<br>No derivative action when "d" = 0  | 60.0               |                   |
| НУS             | HYS                | Hysteresis for ON/OFF contorol                     | Setting range: 0 to 50% FS   | 1                  |                   |
| EFrL            | CTrL               | Control algorithm                                  | Type of control algorithm.<br>(Setting range: PID, FUZZY, SELF)  | PID                |                   |
| ΓE              | тс                 | Cycle time (control output 1)                      | Sets cycle time of control output 1.<br>(Setting range: 1 to 150 sec)  | 30/2               | Note 2            |
| P-n2            | P-n2               | Input type code                                    | Type of input  | As ordered         | Table<br>(Page 30 |
| P-SL            | P-SL               | Lower limit of input range                         | Lower limit of input range<br>(Setting range: -1999 to 9999)   | As ordered         |                   |
| P-SU            | P-SU               | Upper limit of input range                         | Upper limit of input range<br>(Setting range: -1999 to 9999)   | As ordered         | Table             |
| ₽-d₽            | P-dP               | Setting of decimal point position                  | Select a decimal point position of display.<br>(Setting range: 0 to 2)<br>0: No decimal point<br>"1"<br>"2"                                  | As ordered         | (Page 3           |
| PUOF            | PVOF               | PV offset  | Shift the display of process value (PV).<br>(Setting range: -10 to 10%FS)  | 0                  |                   |
| P-dF            | P-dF               | Time constant of input filter                      | Time constant (Setting range: 0.0 to 900.0 sec.)   | 5.0                |                   |
| ALN I           | ALM1               | Type of alarm 1                                    |  | 0/5                | Table             |
| AL N2           | ALM2               | Type of alarm 2                                    | Setting types of alarm action (Setting range: 0 to 34)   | 0/9                | (Page 3           |
| SFRF            | STAT               | Ramp/soak status                                   | Displays the current Ramp/Soak status.<br>No setting can be made.  | -                  |                   |
| Pſ'n            | PTn                | Ramp/soak execute type                             | Selects the ramp/soak execute type.<br>1: Executes 1st to 4th segment.<br>2. Executes 5th to 8th segment.<br>3. Executes 1st to 8th segment. | 1                  |                   |
| 50-1<br>50-8    | SV-1<br>to<br>SV-8 | Ramp target SV-1 to SV-8                           | Sets the target SV for each ramp segment.<br>(Setting range: 0 to 100%FS)  | 0%FS               |                   |
| ГП I-<br>ГП8-   | TM1r<br>to<br>TM8r | 1st ramp segment time to<br>8th ramp segment time  | Sets the time for each ramp segment.<br>(Setting range: 0 to 99 hours and 59 minutes)  | 0.00               |                   |
| rn is<br>rnøs   | TM1S<br>to<br>TM8S | 1st soak segment time to<br>8th soak segmentI time | Sets the time for each soak segment.<br>(Setting range: 0 to 99 hours and 59 minutes)  | 0.00               |                   |
| Nod             | Mod                | Setting of ramp/soak mode                          | Sets ramp/soak operation mode  | 0                  | Table<br>(Page 3  |

Note 2) Never set "TC" = 0.

• Some parameters may not be displayed on the screen, depending upon the types.

| Alarm status<br>Control output status<br>PV value<br>indication<br>SV value<br>indication<br>When the set value<br>(SV) is displayed at<br>the lower line, the<br>SV lamp is lit. | Manual | Standby                | • If<br>cc<br>th<br>to<br>af |
|---|--------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Press for about 5 sec. SEL  |        | Press for about 2 sec. |                              |

no operation status ontinues for 30 seconds, ne screen is restored o the PV/SV display just fter the power is turned on.

Press for about 5 sec. SEL V/

3rd block parameter

| Parameter<br>display symbol |       | Parameter                      | Description of contents  | Default setting | Remark             |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|
| P-n                         | P-n1  | Control action                 | Selects the control action.  | 0/4             | Table 2<br>(Page 3 |
| Sū-L                        | SV-L  | Lower limit of SV              | Lower limit of SV<br>(Setting range: 0 to 100%FS)  | 0%FS            |                    |
| 5 <i>ū-</i> H               | SV-H  | Upper limit of SV              | Upper limit of SV<br>(Setting range: 0 to 100%FS)  | 100%FS          |                    |
| 8L Y I                      | dLY1  | ON delay time of alarm 1       | ON delay time setting for alarm output   | 0               |                    |
| 95,75                       | dLY2  | ON delay time of alarm 2       | (Setting range: 0 to 9999 sec)   | 0               |                    |
| R INY                       | A1hY  | Hysteresis for alarm 1         | Sets ON-OFF hysteresis for alarm output.   | 1               |                    |
| 82 <i></i> .<br>82          | A2hY  | Hysteresis for<br>alarm 2      | (Setting range: 0 to 50%FS)  | 1               |                    |
| R 10P                       | A1oP  | Additional function of alarm 1 | Additional function of alarm output<br>(Setting range: 000 to 111)   | 000             |                    |
| 82oP                        | A2oP  | Additional function of alarm 2 | Alarm latch (1:use, 0:not use)<br>Alarm of error status (1:use 0:not use)<br>De-energized (1:use 0:not use), Note 5. | 000             |                    |
| dSP I                       | dSP1  | Parameter mask                 | Specifying parameter mask  |                 |                    |
|                             | to    |                                |  |                 |                    |
| 8P 13                       | dSP13 |                                |  |                 |                    |

Note 5) De-energized: Contact opens when the alarm "ON".

• Some parameters may not be displayed on the screen, depending upon the types.

# Functions

6

# 6-1 ON/OFF control

- At ON/OFF control mode,output signal is as shown below.
   Set parameter "P" = 0 for selecting the ON/OFF control mode.
   Set the hysteresis to avoid chattering.
   (Default setting: HYS = 1)
- · Parameter setting and operation example

### Example 1 : Reverse operation

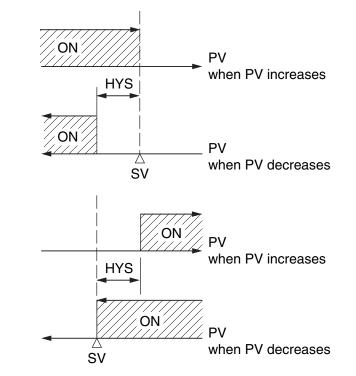
| Parameter | Setting value |
|-----------|---------------|
| Р         | 0.0           |
| P-n1      | 0 (or 1)      |
| HYS       | Any value     |

| Relation between<br>PV and SV | Output |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| PV > SV                       | OFF    |
| PV < SV                       | ON     |

### Example 2 : Direct operation

| Parameter | Setting value |
|-----------|---------------|
| Р         | 0.0           |
| P-n1      | 2 (or 3)      |
| HYS       | Any value     |
|           |               |

| Relation between<br>PV and SV | Output |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| PV > SV                       | ON     |
| PV < SV                       | OFF    |



# 6-2 Auto-tuning (AT)

Autotuning is the automatic calculation and entering of the control parameters (P,I and D) into memory. Prior to the auto-tuning, complete the setting of input range

(P-SL,P-SU, P-dP), a set value (SV), alarm setting (AL1, AL2), and cycle time (TC).

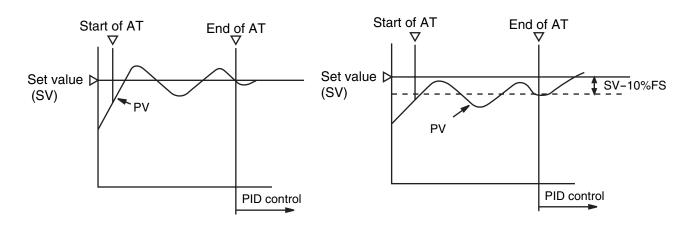
### How to start the auto-tuning

Set the parameter AT as either "1" or "2" by using  $\bigcirc$  or  $\bigcirc$  key, and press the set. key to start the autoturning. Then the point indicator at the lower right starts blinking. At the completion of Auto-tuning, the point indicator stops blinking, then parameter AT is automatically set to 0.

|                   | When auto-tuning<br>is cancelled or not<br>performed. | Standard type<br>(auto-tuning at SV) | Low PV type<br>(auto-tuning at<br>10%FS below SV.) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Setting code (AT) | 0   | 1                                    | 2  |

(1) Standard type (AT=1)

(2) Low PV type (AT=2): Overshoot decreased at tuning.



- (a) The P.I.D. parameter calculated by auto-tuning remains even if the power is turned off. If the power is turned off before the auto-tuning is completed, you must restart the auto-tuning.
- (b) The PV may be changed greatly depending on the process, because the control output is ON/OFF action (two position operation) in the auto-tuning. So, do not use the auto-turning if the process does not allow a significant variation of PV.

In addition, the auto-tuning should not be used in any process such as pressure control and flow control, where a quick-response is required.

- (c) If the auto-tuning isn't completed in four hours, the auto-tuning is suspected to fail. In this case, check the wiring and parameters such as the control action, input type, etc.
- (d) Carry out the auto-tuning again, if there is any change in SV, input range (P-SL, P-SV or P-dP) or process condition. Perform the auto-tuning if fuzzy control is selected as the control algorithm.
- (e) While carring out auto-tuning, PV operates as shown in Figs 1 and 2.
- (f) Execute the auto-tuning also when fuzzy control is selected in control type setting.
- (g) When resetting the AT parameter, set the parameter to "0" once, then reset it.

# Self-tuning

1) At power on, changing a set value or the external disturbance, tuning is made automatically so that the PID parameters are re-optimized.

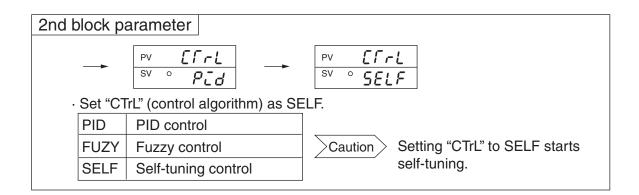
It is useful where modification of PID parameters is required repeatably due to frequent change in process condition.

If high controllability is important, select the PID or fuzzy control algorithm and use auto-tuning.

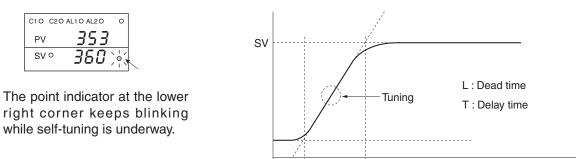
### 2) Setting for self-tuning

6-3

- (1) Turn on the power and set the SV.
- (2) Select SELF at "CTrL" (control algorithm) parameter.
- (3) Turn off the power once.
- (4) Turn on the power of the whole system. The controller should be turned on at the same time with the other equipments or even later. Otherwise, the self- tuning might not be performed successfully.
- (5) Self-tuning starts. Then the point indicator at the lower right corner starts blinking until the PID parameters are re-optimized.
- Note) Whenever it is necessary to re-try the self-tuning, please set "CTrL" = PID once, and then start the above setting procedure from the beginning.



### 3) Self-tuning indication



L

Т

- 4) Self-tuning is executed by any of the following conditions.
  - (1) During temperature rise at power ON.
  - (2) During temperature rise at SV changing if necessary.
  - (3) When control is out of stable condition and is judged as being out of stable condition continuously.

### 5) Self-tuning is not executed under the following conditions:

- (1) During standby mode
- (2) During ON/OFF control
- (3) During auto-tuning
- (4) During ramp/soak operation
- (5) During input error
- (6) When P, I, D or Ar is manually set

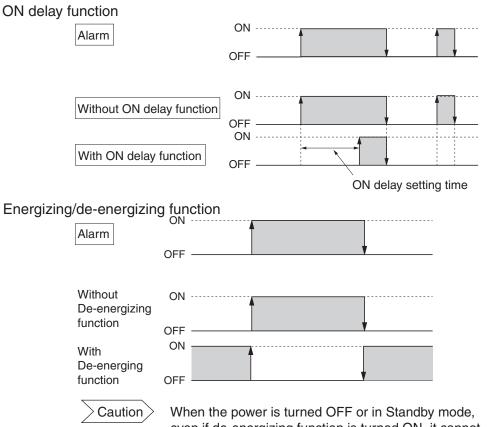
Under the following coditions, self-tuning is canceled.

- (1) When SV is changed.
- (2) When Self-Tuning can not be completed in about 9 hours after the start.
- 6) Cautions
  - Turn on the power of the whole system. The controller should be turned on at even later. Otherwise, the self-tuning might not be performed successfully.
  - Don't change the SV while the self-tuning is executing.
  - Once PID parameters are optimized, the self-tuning is not excuted at the next power on unless SV is changed.
  - After the execution of self-tuning, if the controlability is not your expected level, please select PID or FUZZY at "CTrL" parameter, and then, start the auto-tuning.

# 6-4 Alarm function [option]

### 1) Kinds of alarm

• Absolute value alarm, deviation alarm, combination alarm, and zone alarm are available. (For details, see Table 4, Alarm action type codes on page 32.)



even if de-energizing function is turned ON, it cannot be output (it is kept OFF).

### 2) Alarm function

| No. | Function              | Description  | Parameters to set                                     |
|-----|-----------------------|--|---|
| (1) | Hysteresis            | Set the hysteresis to avoid chattering.  | Alarm 1 : <i>8                                 </i>   |
| (2) | ON delay              | The alarm is turned on with delay of a certain seconds as previously set after PV goes in the alarm band.                          | Alarm 1 : <i>dL                                  </i> |
| (3) | Alarm latch           | Keeps the alarm ON status once an alarm is<br>turned ON. To cancel the alarm latch, please take<br>one of the following procedure. | Alarm 1 : <i>8 loP</i><br>Alarm 2 : <i>82oP</i>       |
|     |                       | i) Turn ON the controller again.   |   |
|     |                       | ii) Turn the alarm latch settings to OFF once.   |   |
|     |                       | iii) Use alarm latch cancel parameter.   | LACH  |
| (4) | Error status<br>alarm | Alarm is turned on when error indications are displayed.   | Alarm 1 : <i>8 loP</i><br>Alarm 2 : <i>82oP</i>       |
| (5) | De-energizing         | Alarm output can be de-energized.  | Alarm 1 : <i>R IoP</i><br>Alarm 2 : <i>R2oP</i>       |

### Combination of alarm functions

Please see the table as shown below. O: Possible combination

| X: | Impossible | combination |
|----|------------|-------------|
|----|------------|-------------|

|                       | Without HOLD/Timer | With HOLD | With Timer |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|
| Alarm latch           | 0                  | 0         | Х          |
| De-energizing         | 0                  | 0         | 0          |
| ON delay              | 0                  | Note 1    | Х          |
| Alarm in error status | Х                  | Х         | Х          |

Note 1) The alarm is not turned on the first time the measured value is in the alarm band. Instead it turns on only when the measured value goes out of the band and enters it again.

### Cautions on alarms

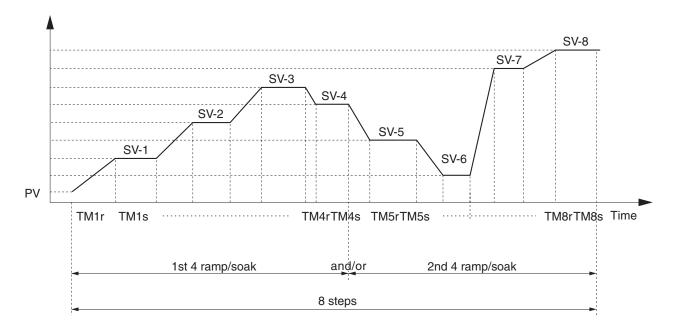
| No. | Cautions   | Items/Classification     |
|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1   | Note that the ON delay function is effective for alarm in error status.  | Alarm in error<br>status |
| 2   | Even during "Err" display, alarms in error status work.  | Alarm at error           |
| 3   | Even when "LLLL" or "UUUU" is displayed, an alarm function works normally.   | indication               |
| 4   | Alarm action type codes in No.12 to 15 are also included in No.24 to 27. It is, therefore, recommended to use No.24 to 27. In addition, please note when selecting No.12 to 15, setting in ALM2, dLY2, and A2hy are effective. | Alarm action type code   |
| 5   | The minimum alarm set value is -199.9.   | Alarm set value          |
| 6   | As the alarm action type changed, the alarm set value may also be changed accordingly.   |                          |
| 7   | Note that all of alarm outputs are not provided at the standby condition.  | Alarm at standby         |
| 8   | Error status alarm is not provided at the standby mode.  | mode.                    |
| 9   | The HOLD function is effective even if the PV value is in the hysteresis area when the power is turned ON.   |                          |
| 10  | Select "0" for alarm action type code to use error status alarm.   |                          |

# 6-5 Ramp/soak function [option]

### 1. Function

Changes the set value (SV) as the time elapses according to a predetermined program pattern, as shown below.

Either 4 ramp/soak x 2 patterns or 8 ramp/soak x 1 pattern can be programmed. The first ramp starts from the process value (PV) just before the programming is executed.



### 2. Setting

- Select the program pattern (PTn) and set the rUn at "ProG" parameter.
- Ramp/soak pattern can not be changed while ramp/soak program is running.

Note:

• The ramp/soak program is canceled if the controller becomes to standby mode.

Then, if the controller becames to opration mode, the program doesn't run again.

| PTn | Pattern | Ramp/Soak |
|-----|---------|-----------|
| 1   | 1       | 4         |
| 2   | 2       | 4         |
| 3   | 1 + 2   | 8         |

# 6-6 **bAL and Ar functions**

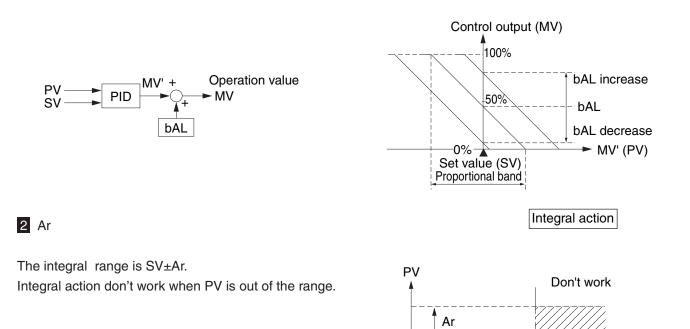
The parameters "bAL" and "Ar" are masked at defauit setting.

If necessary to appear these parameters, please refer to the following procedure.

- 1) Function
  - "bAL" and "Ar" are functions to suppress overshoot.
    - (Usually it is not necessary to change the setting.)
- 2) If they aren't optimum value, sometime you don't get the good control. Usually it is not necessary to set them.
- 3) "Ar" (Anti-reset wind-up) is automatically set by "Auto tuning".

1 bAL

MV is calculated by adding the offset (bAL) to MV' ,the result of PID calculation, from PV and SV.



S١

Ar

Work

Don't work

Time

## Mask/Unmask bAL and Ar

### 1 To unmask

- (1) Display the "dSP3" in the third block parameter and then subtract 128 from current value.
- (2) Display the "dSP4" in the third block parameter and then subtract 1 from current value.

### 2 To mask

- (1) Display the "dSP3" in the third block parameter and then add 128 to current value.
- (2) Display the "dSP4" in the third block parameter and then add 1 to current value.

# 7 Setting of input type and control algorithm

# 1 Setting of the input type

 \* Skip this procedure if the input type is specified when you order. (1) Please check if the input type set at "P-n2" is same as what you use.

Choose the sensor type you use from Table 1 shown below, and set the code at "P-n2".

(Example) For T thermo-couple, set "P-n2"=7.

(Note) Please refer to the following table for the modification of the input type.

|                                  | $TC \longleftrightarrow RTD$  | (within Group I)*        | Can be mo                  | dified by changing "P-n2". |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                  | $\begin{array}{c} \text{TC/RTD} \longleftrightarrow 1 \text{ to } 5\\ (\text{Group I})^* & 4 \text{ to } 2 \end{array}$ | Vdc<br>OmAdc (Group II)* | Modification not possible  |                            |
| TC : Thermocouple RTD : Resistan |   | ce bulb                  | (*Please refer to table 1) |                            |

 $\bigvee^{\prod}$ 

(2) Is setting of input temperature range suitable for the sensor you use?

Standard range to each sensor is shown in Table 3. Select the temperature range suitable for the equipments you use, set lower/upper limit values to "P-SL" / "P-SU" respectively.

(Example) For temperature range 0 to 800 [°C] : Set "P-SL" and "P-SU" to 0 and 800 respectively.

(Note) If the span of setting ranges is smaller than the one of minimum standard range, the accuracy (% full scale) is influenced.
 (Note) No standard range is given in case of 1 to 5VDC (4 to 20mA DC) input. Please set the range within the following

limitation.

- Maximum span : 9999
- Lower limit : -1999
- Upper limit : 9999

Note:

Please set "P-n2": Input sensor type and "P-SL/P-SU/P-dP": input range setting prior to any other parameter settings. When "P-n2" and/or "P-SL/P-SU/P-dP" is changed, some other parameters may also be influenced. Please check all parameters before starting control.

| 2 Catting of  | [       | (1) Select the type of control output action. |                          |  |    |  |  |  |
|---|---------|---|--------------------------|--|----|--|--|--|
| 2 Setting of<br>the algorithm   |         |   | Control<br>output action | Description  |    | Setting procedure<br>Set parameter     |  |  |
| <ul> <li>* Read if the control<br/>doesn't work as you<br/>expect.</li> </ul> | F       | Heating                                       | Reverse                  | As PV increases,<br>MV decreases.<br>As PV decreases,<br>MV increases.           | == | "P-n1" = 0 or 1.<br>(Refer to Table 2) |  |  |
|   | Cooling |   | Direct                   | As PV increases,<br>MV also increases.<br>As PV decreases,<br>MV also decreases. |    | "P-n1" = 2 or 3.<br>(Refer to Table 2) |  |  |
|   |         |   |                          |  |    |  |  |  |

| (2) Control algorithm (ON/OFF, PID or fuzzy) |   |            |   |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Type of<br>control                           | Description   |            | Setting procedure   |  |  |  |  |
| ON/OFF<br>control                            | Output is either ON (100%) or<br>OFF (0%).<br>(Suitable when frequent output<br>switching is inconvenient.)   | $\uparrow$ | Set "P" =0.0.<br>Refer to "6-1 ON/OFF control".   |  |  |  |  |
| PID control                                  | The output signal changes within<br>the range at 0 to 100% according<br>to PID calculation which<br>determine the proportional of ON<br>to OFF in each TC (cycle time). | ſ          | Select PID at "CTrL".<br>Execute auto-tuning so that optimum<br>P.I.D can be calculated automatically.<br>(PID parameters can be set<br>spontaneously).<br>*Refer to "6-2 Auto-tuning". |  |  |  |  |
| Fuzzy<br>control<br>PID control              | Fuzzy operation is added to PID<br>providing<br>control with less overshoot.<br>At power on, changing a set value or  |            | Select FUZy at "CTrL".<br>Then execute the auto-tuning so that<br>FUZZY control starts.   |  |  |  |  |
| with<br>self-tuning.                         | the external disturbance, tuning is   |            | Select SELF at "CTrL".<br>Refer to "6-3 Self-tuning".   |  |  |  |  |

# **Error indications**

## **Error indications**

8

This controller has a display function to indicate several types of error code shown below. If any of the error codes is displayed, please eliminate the cause of error immediately. After the cause is eliminated, turn off the power once, and then re-start the controller.

| Error code               | Possible cause   | Control output   | Group |
|--------------------------|--|--|-------|
| UUUU                     | <ol> <li>(1) Thermocouple burnt out.</li> <li>(2) RTD (A) line burnt out.</li> <li>(3) PV value exceeds P-SU<br/>by 5% FS.</li> </ol>                                  | <ul> <li>(1) when the burn-out control output<br/>is set as the lower limit<br/>(standard): OFF or 4 mA or less</li> </ul> |       |
| LLLL                     | (1) The RTD line (B or C) burnt out.<br>(2) The RTD line (between A and B or<br>(2) The RTD line (between A and B or<br>(2) mA or larger                               |  | 1     |
| LLLL                     | <ul> <li>(1) PV value &lt; −199.9</li> <li>Note) In case of RTD input, "LLLL" is<br/>not displayed even if the tem-<br/>perature becomes below<br/>−150 °C.</li> </ul> | Control is continued until the value<br>reaches –5% FS or less, after which<br>burn-out condition will occur.              |       |
| (SV indication flickers) | Incorrect range setting (P-SL/P-SU).   | OFF or 4mA or less   |       |
| PV not displayed         | Incorrect DP13 setting.<br>Add 64 to set value of DP13 to display<br>PV.   | Normal control   |       |

# [Table 1] Input type code

## Parameter : P-n2

| Group | Input type                        | Code          | Group   | Input t | уре             | Code                            |   |                                     |
|-------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
|       | RTD<br>· Pt100 (IEC)              | 1             | II 1 to 5V DC<br>4 to 20mA  |         | ,               | 16                              |   |                                     |
| I     | Thermocouple<br>· J<br>· K<br>· R | 2<br>3<br>4   | $\cdot$ In case of 4 to 20mA DC input, $\cdot$ Input signals can mount a 250 $\Omega$ resistor within the same g enclosed in the package box. |         |                 |                                 |   |                                     |
|       | · B<br>· S<br>· T                 | 5<br>6<br>7   |   |         | TC<br>(w        | $\longleftrightarrow$ ithin Gro | RTD<br>oup I)*                              | Can be modified by changing "P-n2". |
|       | · E<br>· N<br>· PL-II             | 8<br>12<br>13 |   |         | TC/RT<br>(Group |                                 | 1 to 5 V DC<br>4 to 20 mA DC<br>(Group II)* | Modification not possible.          |

## [Table 2] Control output action code

Parameter : P-n !

| Code | Quitaut                      | Control output action | Output at Burn-out* |
|------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Coue | Output                       | Output 1              | Output 1            |
| 0    |                              | Reverse action        | Lower limit         |
| 1    | Cingle                       |                       | Upper limit         |
| 2    | Single<br>(Control output 1) | Direct action         | Lower limit         |
| 3    |                              | Direct action         | Upper limit         |

(\*) Outputs when Error Indication Group I. Please refer to "8. Error indications".

This is effective even in Standby mode.

Lower limit: OFF or 4mA or less Upper limit: ON or 20mA or more

Note) Setting the code 4 to 19 is not available.

## [Table 3] Input range (Standard range) Parameter : P-SL, P-SU, P-dP

| Input signal type |  | Range<br>(°C)   | Range<br>(°F)  | Input signal type |                                      | Range<br>(°C)   | Range<br>(°F)  |
|-------------------|--|---|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| RTD (IEC)         | $\begin{array}{c} Pt100\Omega\\ Pt100\Omega\\ Pt100\Omega\\ Pt100\Omega\\ Pt100\Omega\\ Pt100\Omega\\ Pt100\Omega\\ Pt100\Omega\\ Pt100\Omega\\ \end{array}$ | 0 to 150<br>0 to 300<br>0 to 500<br>0 to 600<br>-50 to 100<br>-100 to 200<br>-150 to 600<br>-150 to 850 | 32 to 302<br>32 to 572<br>32 to 932<br>32 to 1112<br>-58 to 212<br>-148 to 392<br>-238 to 1112<br>-238 to 1562 | Thermo-<br>couple | R<br>B<br>S<br>T<br>T<br>E<br>E<br>N | 0 to 1600<br>0 to 1800<br>0 to 1600<br>-150 to 200<br>-150 to 400<br>0 to 800<br>-150 to 800<br>0 to 1300 | 32 to 2912<br>32 to 3272<br>32 to 2912<br>-238 to 392<br>-238 to 752<br>32 to 1472<br>-238 to 1472<br>32 to 2372 |
| Thermo-<br>couple | K<br>K<br>J<br>J   | 0 to 400<br>0 to 800<br>0 to 400<br>0 to 800<br>0 to 1200   | 32 to 752<br>32 to 1472<br>32 to 752<br>32 to 1472<br>32 to 1472<br>32 to 2192                                 | DC voltage        | PL-II<br>1 to 5VDC                   | 0 to 1300<br>-1999 to 999<br>(Scaling is po<br>• Maximum<br>• Lower lim<br>• Upper lim                    | ossible)<br>span : 9999<br>it : -1999  |

Note 1) Except for the following, the input accuracy is  $\pm 0.5\%$  FS  $\pm 1$  digit  $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C (Input accuracy does not be guaranteed for the ranges of measurement other than in the table above.) R thermocouple 0 to  $500^{\circ}$ C  $\frac{1}{2}$ . in these ranges, this controller may display an incorrect B thermocouple 0 to  $400^{\circ}$ C  $\frac{1}{2}$  process value due to the characteristic of the sensor.

Note 2) In case a measuring range of -150 to 600°C or -150 to 850°C is used for resistance bulb input, temperatures below -150°C does not be indicated correctly. Therefore, "LLLL" does not appear despite a continuous fall below -150°C.

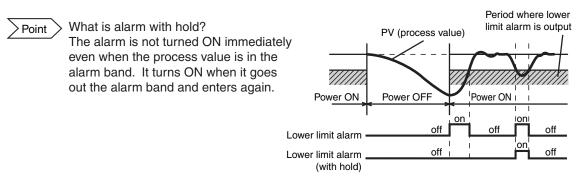
Note 3) If the resistance bulb or thermocouple is used at a temperature below the lowest value in the measurement range, the input accuracy cannot be guaranteed.

Note 4) Addition of decimal point is impossible if the input range or span is larger than 999.9 at the RTD/thermocouple input.

# [Table 4] Alarm action type code

## Parameter: RLD I, RLD2

| Standard                   | l alarm o | ode      | -  |                  | Alarm c               | ode with | dual set | value   |                    |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------|--|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|---|--------------------|
|                            | ALM<br>1  | ALM<br>2 | Alarm type   | Action diagram   |                       | ALM<br>1 | ALM<br>2 | Alarm type  | Action diagram     |
|                            | 0         | 0        | No alarm   |                  | High<br>/Low<br>limit | 16       | 16       | High/Low<br>absolute alarm  | An-L An-H PV       |
| Absolute<br>value<br>alarm | 1         | 1        | High alarm   | ALn PV           | alarm                 | 17       | 17       | High/Low<br>deviation alarm   | An-L An-H<br>SV    |
|                            | 2         | 2        | Low alarm  | ALn PV           |                       | 18       | 18       | High absolute<br>/Low deviation<br>alarm                            | An-L<br>SV An-H PV |
|                            | 3         | 3        | High alarm<br>(with hold)                          | ALn PV           |                       | 19       | 19       | High deviation<br>/Low absolute<br>alarm                            | An-H               |
| Deviation                  | 4         | 4        | Low alarm<br>(with hold)                           | ALn PV           |                       | 20       | 20       | High/Low<br>absolute alarm  | SV PV              |
| Deviation<br>alarm         | 5         | 5        | High alarm   | ALn<br>SV        |                       | 21       | 21       | (with hold)<br>High/Low<br>deviation alarm                          | An-L An-H          |
|                            | 6         | 6        | Low alarm  | ALn<br>SV PV     |                       | 22       | 22       | (with hold)<br>High absolute<br>/Low deviation<br>alarm (with hold) | SV                 |
| -                          | 7         | 7        | High/Low<br>alarm                                  | ALn ALn          |                       | 23       | 23       | High deviation<br>/Low absolute<br>alarm (with hold)                | An-L SV An-H       |
|                            | 8         | 8        | High alarm<br>(with hold)                          | ALn              | Zone<br>alarm         | 24       | 24       | High/Low<br>absolute alarm  | An-L An-H PV       |
|                            | 9         | 9        | Low alarm<br>(with hold)                           | ALn<br>SV        |                       | 25       | 25       | High/Low<br>deviation alarm   | An-L An-H<br>SV    |
|                            | 10        | 10       | High/Low<br>alarm<br>(with hold)                   | ALn ALn          |                       | 26       | 26       | High absolute<br>/Low deviation<br>alarm                            | SV An-H PV         |
| Zone<br>alarm              | 11        | 11       | High/Low<br>deviation alarm<br>(ALM1/2 independent | ALn ALn<br>SV PV |                       | 27       | 27       | High deviation<br>/Low absolute<br>alarm                            | An-H<br>An-L SV    |
|                            | -         | 12       | Action)<br>High/Low<br>absolute alarm              |                  |                       | 28       | 28       | High/Low<br>absolute alarm<br>(with hold)                           | An-L An-H PV       |
|                            | _         | 13       | High/Low   | AL2 AL1          |                       | 29       | 29       | High/Low<br>deviation alarm<br>(with hold)                          | An-L An-H<br>SV    |
|                            |           |          | deviation alarm<br>High absolute                   | AL2              |                       | 30       | 30       | High absolute<br>/Low deviation<br>alarm (with hold)                | SV An-H            |
| ·                          | -         | 14       | /Low deviation<br>alarm                            | SV ALn PV        |                       | 31       | 31       | High deviation<br>/Low absolute                                     | An-H               |
|                            | -         | 15       | High deviation<br>/Low absolute<br>alarm           | AL2 SV PV        |                       |          |          | alarm (with hold)   | An-L SV            |



- Note) When alarm action type code is changed, alarm set value may also become different from previous settings. Please check these parameters, turn off the power once, and then re-start the controller, before starting control.
  - When selecting No.12 to 15, setting in ALM2, dLY2, and A2hy are effective, and output to the AL2 relay.
  - ALn means alarm set value (AL1 or AL2).
  - An-H means alarm set value (A1-H or A2-H).
  - An-L means alarm set value (A1-L or A2-L).
  - dLYn means alarm set value (dLY1 or dLY2).

# [Table 5] Control operation type code

## Parameter : Nod

### [MOD code list]

|     | -              |                   |                   |                  |
|-----|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| MOD | Power ON start | Output at END     | Output at OFF     | Repeat operation |
| 0   | Without        | Control continued | Control continued | Without          |
| 1   | Without        | Control continued | Control continued | With             |
| 2   | Without        | Control continued | Standby mode      | Without          |
| 3   | Without        | Control continued | Standby mode      | With             |
| 4   | Without        | Standby mode      | Control continued | Without          |
| 5   | Without        | Standby mode      | Control continued | With             |
| 6   | Without        | Standby mode      | Standby mode      | Without          |
| 7   | Without        | Standby mode      | Standby mode      | With             |
| 8   | With           | Control continued | Control continued | Without          |
| 9   | With           | Control continued | Control continued | With             |
| 10  | With           | Control continued | Standby mode      | Without          |
| 11  | With           | Control continued | Standby mode      | With             |
| 12  | With           | Standby mode      | Control continued | Without          |
| 13  | With           | Standby mode      | Control continued | With             |
| 14  | With           | Standby mode      | Standby mode      | Without          |
| 15  | With           | Standby mode      | Standby mode      | With             |

[Description of functions]

- 1. Power ON start: Starts ramp/soak with the current PV value.
- 2. Output at END: Displays the output status at the time when ramp/soak is at END.
- 3. Output at OFF: Displays the output status at the time when ramp/soak is at OFF.
- 4. Repeat operation: After the ramp/soak step is terminated once, runs ramp/soak repeatedly. The PV value set in the previous step is maintained in normal state (without repeat operation).
- \* Standby mode: Output -3%

Alarm OFF

Standby mode where no control operation is performed.

## **PXR Model Code Configuration**

|          |  | PXR                              | 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13<br>4 S 1   |
|----------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Digit    | Specification  | Note                             |  |
| 4        | <front dimensions=""><br/>48 X 48mm</front>  |                                  |  |
| 5        | <input signal=""/><br>Thermocouple °C<br>Thermocouple °F<br>Resistance bulb Pt100 3-wire type I (°C)<br>Resistance bulb Pt100 3-wire type I (°F)<br>1 to 5V DC<br>4 to 20mA DC<br>Resistance bulb Pt100 3-wire type II (°C)                                | Note5<br>Note5<br>Note6          | ▼<br>T<br>R<br>N<br>S<br>A<br>B<br>W   |
| 6        | <control 1="" output=""><br/>Relay contact output<br/>Voltage pulse output (24V DC)<br/>4 to 20mA DC output</control>  |                                  | A<br>C<br>E  |
| 7        | <terminal form=""><br/>Socket type</terminal>  |                                  | s v  |
| 8        | <revision code=""></revision>  |                                  | 1  |
| 9        | <optional specifications=""><br/>None<br/>Alarm (1 pc.)<br/>Ramp-soak<br/>Alarm (1 pc.) + Ramp-soak<br/>Alarm (2 pcs.)<br/>Alarm (2 pcs.) + Ramp-soak</optional>   |                                  | 0<br>1<br>4<br>5<br>F<br>G   |
| 10       | <instruction manual=""><power supply="" voltage="">           None         100 to 240V AC           English         100 to 240V AC           None         24V AC/24V DC           English         24V AC/24V DC           Socket&gt;</power></instruction> |                                  | ▼<br>N<br>V<br>C<br>B<br>▼ ▼   |
| 12<br>13 | None<br>For rail mounting (8-pin screw terminal)<br>For panel mounting (8-pin screw terminal)<br>For rail mounting (11-pin screw terminal)<br>For panel mounting (11-pin screw terminal)   | Note1<br>Note2<br>Note3<br>Note4 | $\begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$ |

Note1) Type: TP48X

Note2) Type: TP48SB

Note3) Type: TP411X

Note4) Type: TP411SBA

Note5) Input terminal (Pt100 input) assignment is same as PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4.

Note6) Input terminal (Pt100 input) assignment is different from PXW4/PXZ4/PXV4, but in case of thermocouple input terminal assignment is same.

Input signal, measurement range, and set value at the time of deliver are as follows. When thermocouple is specified: Thermocouple K, Measurement range; 0 to 400°C, Set value; 0°C

When resistance bulb is specified: Pt, Measurement range; 0 to 150°C, Set value; 0°C When voltage/current is specified: Scaling; 0 to 100%, Set value; 0%

For the cases other than the above, specify input signal and measurement range.

Input signal of the thermocouple and the resistance bulb can be switched by key operation on the front panel.

## Specification

| Power voltage:                  | 100 (-15%) to 240V AC (+10%) 50/60Hz,                 |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
|                                 | 24V (±10%) AC/DC                                      |  |  |
| Power consumption:              | 10VA or less (at 100V AC), 12VA or less (at 220V AC), |  |  |
|                                 | 12VA or less (at 24V AC/DC)                           |  |  |
| Relay contact output:           | Control output 1: SPDT contact, 220V AC /             |  |  |
|                                 | 30V DC 3A (resistive load)                            |  |  |
| SSR/SSC driving output *1:      | ON: 24V DC (17 to 25V DC)                             |  |  |
| (voltage pulse output)          | OFF: 0.5V DC or less                                  |  |  |
|                                 | Maximum current ; 20mA DC or less                     |  |  |
|                                 | Resistive load 850 $\Omega$ or more                   |  |  |
| 4-20mA DC output:               | Allowable load resistor $600 \Omega$ or less          |  |  |
| Alarm output (up to 2 outputs): | : Relay contact (SPST contact) 220V AC / 30V DC 1A    |  |  |
|                                 | (resistive load)                                      |  |  |
| Ambient temperature:            | –10 to 50°C   |  |  |
|                                 | -10 to 45°C (when side by side mounting)              |  |  |
| Operating ambient humidity:     | 90%RH or less (no condensation)                       |  |  |
|                                 | (In a low-temperature environment, the starting time  |  |  |
|                                 | after power on may vary.)                             |  |  |
| Preservation temperature:       | −20 to 60°C   |  |  |
| Time accuracy:                  | Within ±0.5%  |  |  |
|                                 |   |  |  |

\*1. The following table shows the difference of outputs among other micro-controller X series models.

|            | SSR/SSC driving output |                 | Allowable load resistance for 4 to |
|------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
|            | Voltage                | Maximum current | 20mA DC output                     |
| PXR3       | 15V DC                 | 20mA            | 100 to 500Ω                        |
| PXR4/5/7/9 | 24V DC                 | 20mA            | 600Ω or less                       |
| PXV3       | 5.5V DC                | 20mA            | $600\Omega$ or less                |
| PXV/W/Z    | 24V DC                 | 60mA            | 600Ω or less                       |