Fuji Electric

Innovating Energy Technology

FMV60N133S2FDHF

http://www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/

FUJI POWER MOSFET

Super J MOS® S2 series

N-Channel enhancement mode power MOSFET

Features

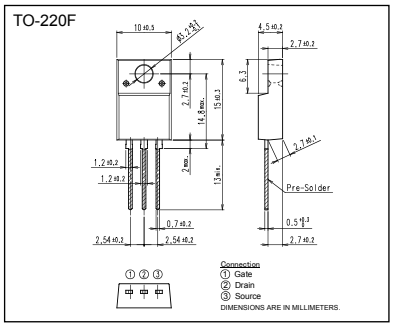
Pb-free lead terminal
RoHS compliant
uses Halogen-free molding compound

Applications

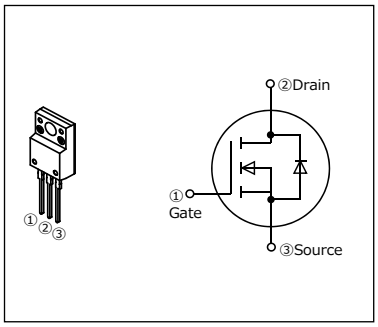
For switching

Outline Drawings [mm]

TO-220F



Equivalent circuit schematic



Absolute Maximum Ratings at T_{vj}=25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Characteristics	Unit	Remarks
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	600	V	
	V_{DSX}	600	V	V_{GS}=-30V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	30.1	A	T_{vj}=25°C Note*1,2
		19	A	T_{vj}=100°C Note*1,2
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DP}	90.8	A	Note *2
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	±30	V	
Non-Repetitive Maximum Avalanche Current	I_{AS}	3.5	A	Note *3
Non-Repetitive Maximum Avalanche Energy	E_{AS}	748	mJ	Note *4
Maximum Drain-Source dV/dt	dV_{DS}/dt	50	V/ns	V_{DS}≤ 600V
Continuous Diode Forward Current	I_{SD}	30.1	A	T_{vj}=25°C Note*1,2
		19	A	T_{vj}=100°C Note*1,2
Pulsed Diode Forward Current	I_{SDP}	90.8	A	Note *2
Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt	dV/dt	30	V/ns	Note *5
Peak Diode Recovery -di/dt	-di/dt	100	A/µs	Note *6
Maximum Power Dissipation	P_D	2.16	W	T_a=25°C
		57		T_{vj}=25°C
Operating and Storage Temperature range	T_{ch}	150	°C	
	T_{stg}	-55 to +150	°C	
Isolation Voltage (TO-220F)	V_{iso}	2	kVrms	t=60sec,f=60Hz

Note *1 : Maximum duty cycle D=0.57
Note *2 : Limited by maximum channel temperature.
Note *3 : T_{ch}≤150°C, See Fig.1 and Fig.2
Note *4 : Starting T_{ch}=25°C, I_{AS}=2.1A, L=311mH, V_{DD}=60V, R_G=50Ω, See Fig.1 and Fig.2
E_{AS} limited by maximum channel temperature and avalanche current.
Note *5 : I_{SD}≤22.7A, -di/dt≤100A/µs, $V_{DS\ peak}$≤ 600V, T_{ch}≤150°C.
Note *6 : I_{SD}≤22.7A, dV/dt≤30V/ns, $V_{DS\ peak}$≤ 600V, T_{ch}≤150°C.

9034
MARCH 2017

Electrical Characteristics at T_{vj}=25°C (unless otherwise specified)

• Static Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	V_{GS}=0V I_D=250μA		600	-	-	V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS}=V_{GS} I_D=3.5mA		3.0	4.0	5.0	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS}=600V V_{GS}=0V	T_{ch}=25°C	-	-	25	μA
		V_{DS}=480V V_{GS}=0V	T_{ch}=125°C	-	36	-	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	V_{DS}=0V V_{GS}= ± 30V		-	10	100	nA
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS}=10V I_D=11.4A		-	0.117	0.133	Ω
Gate resistance	R_G	f=1MHz, open drain		-	8.3	-	Ω

• Dynamic Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward Transconductance	g_{fs}	V_{DS}=25V I_D=11.4A	7.5	15	-	S
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{DS}=400V V_{GS}=0V f=250kHz	-	1190	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		-	42	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}		-	5.8	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related (Note *7)	$C_{o(er)}$	V_{DS}=0…400V V_{GS}=0V	-	103	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related (Note *8)	$C_{o(tr)}$	V_{DS}=0…400V V_{GS}=0V I_D=constant	-	410	-	
Turn-On Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=10V I_D=11.4A, R_G=15Ω See Fig.3 and Fig.4	-	20	-	ns
	t_r		-	65	-	
Turn-Off Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	131	-	
	t_f		-	23	-	
Total Gate Charge	Q_G	V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=10V I_D=22.7A See Fig.5	-	59	-	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{GS}		-	20	-	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{GD}		-	27	-	
Drain-Source crossover Charge	Q_{SW}		-	13	-	

Note *7 : $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V.
Note *8 : $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging times as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V.

• Reverse Diode

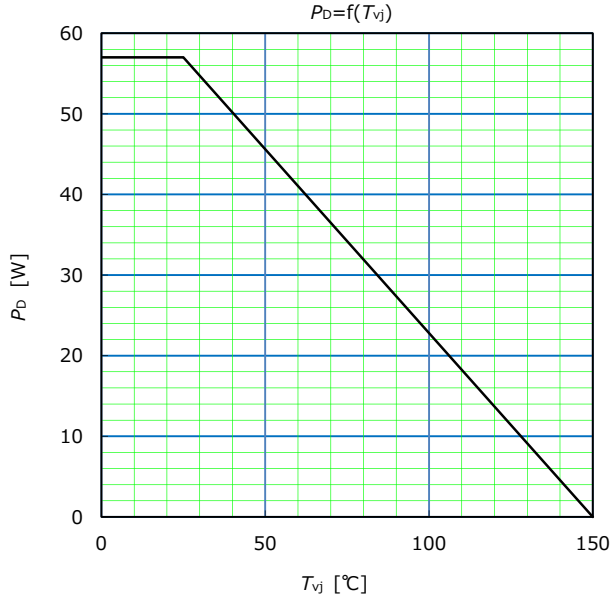
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Diode Forward On-Voltage	V_{SD}	I_{SD}=22.7A, V_{GS}=0V T_{ch}=25°C	-	0.95	1.35	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	V_{DD}=400V, I_{SD}=22.7A -di/dt=100A/μs T_{ch}=25°C See Fig.6 and Fig.7	-	160	-	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}		-	1.2	-	μC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I_{rp}		-	14.5	-	A

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Channel to Case	$R_{th(ch-c)}$	-	-	2.193	°C/W
Channel to Ambient	$R_{th(ch-a)}$	-	-	58	°C/W

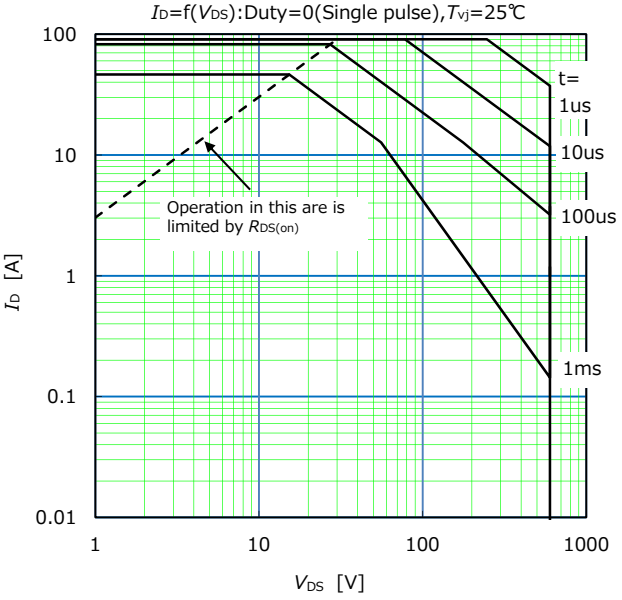
Allowable Power Dissipation

P_D=f(T_{vj})



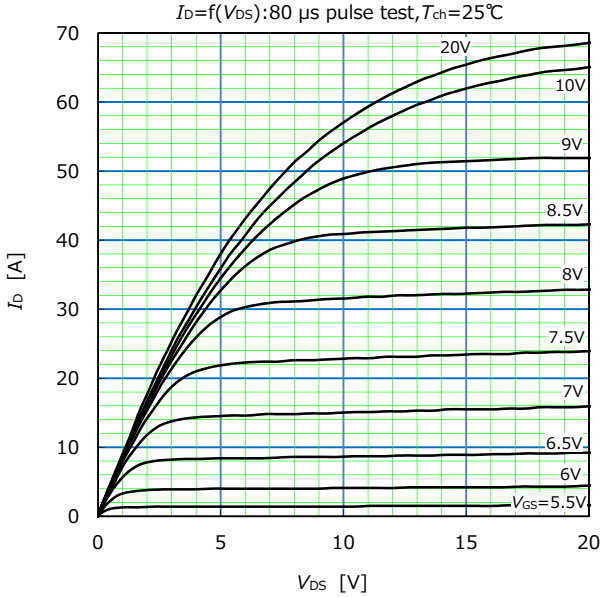
Safe Operating Area

I_D=f(V_{DS}):Duty=0(Single pulse),T_{vj}=25℃



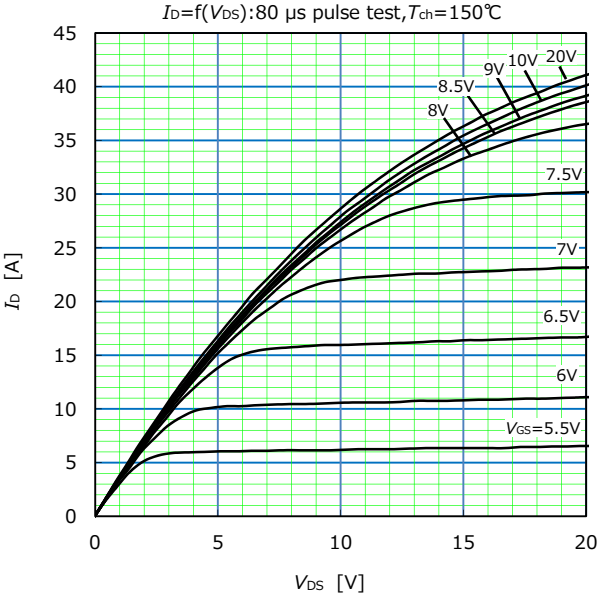
Typical Output Characteristics

I_D=f(V_{DS}):80 μs pulse test,T_{ch}=25℃



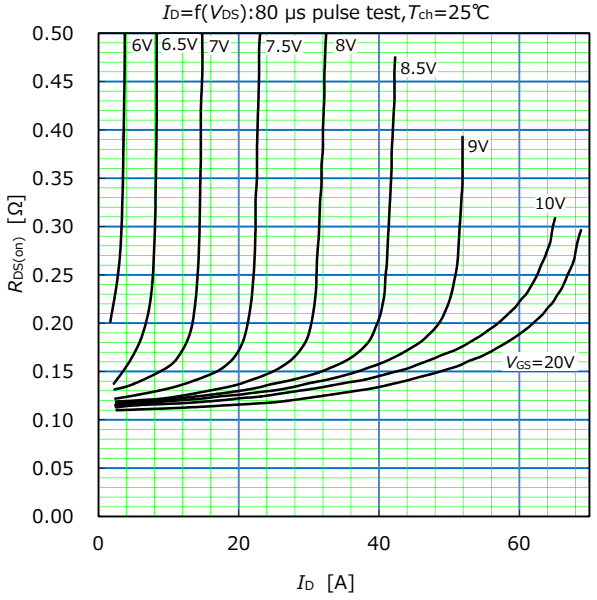
Typical Output Characteristics

I_D=f(V_{DS}):80 μs pulse test,T_{ch}=150℃



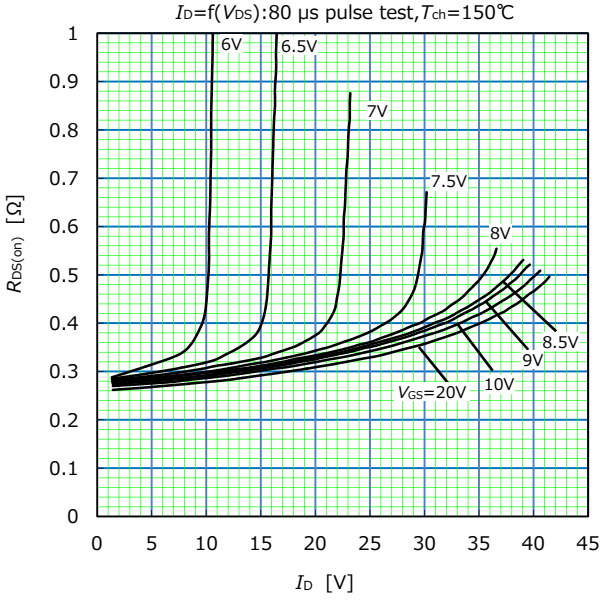
Typical Output Characteristics

I_D=f(V_{DS}):80 μs pulse test,T_{ch}=25℃

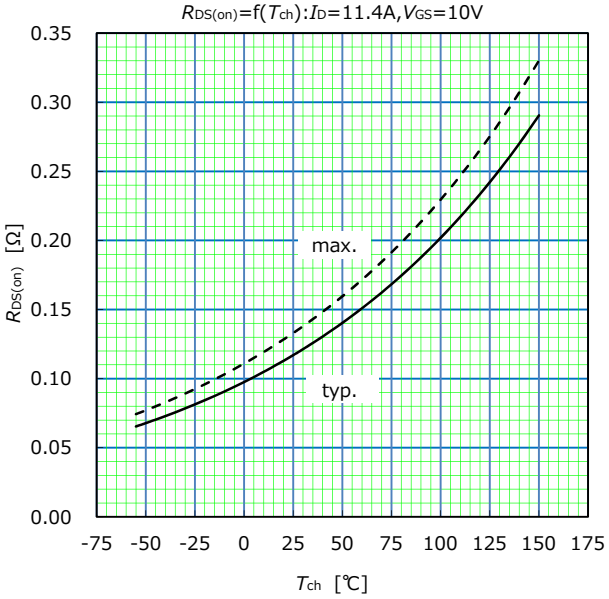


Typical Output Characteristics

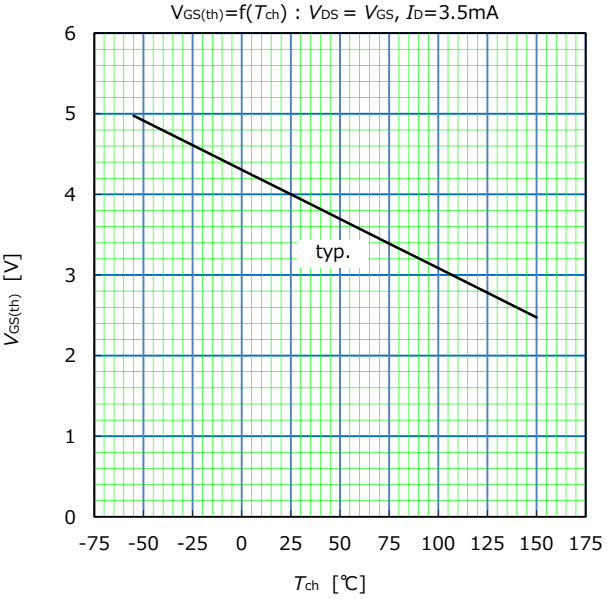
I_D=f(V_{DS}):80 μs pulse test,T_{ch}=150℃



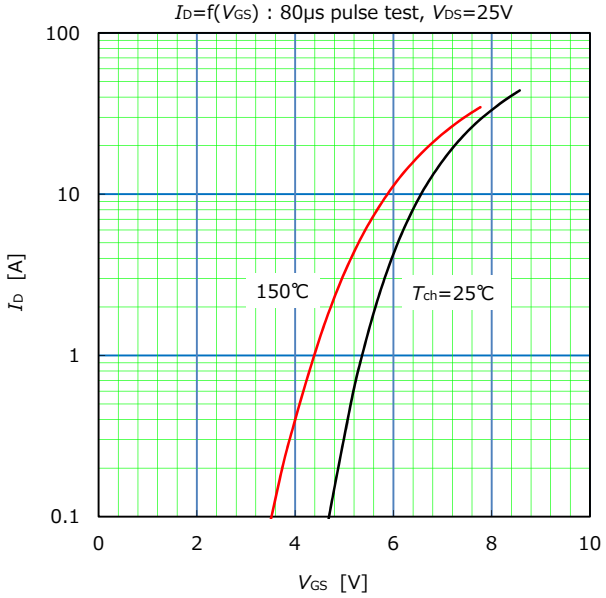
Drain-Source On-state Resistance
$R_{DS(on)}$=f(T_{ch}):I_D=11.4A,V_{GS}=10V



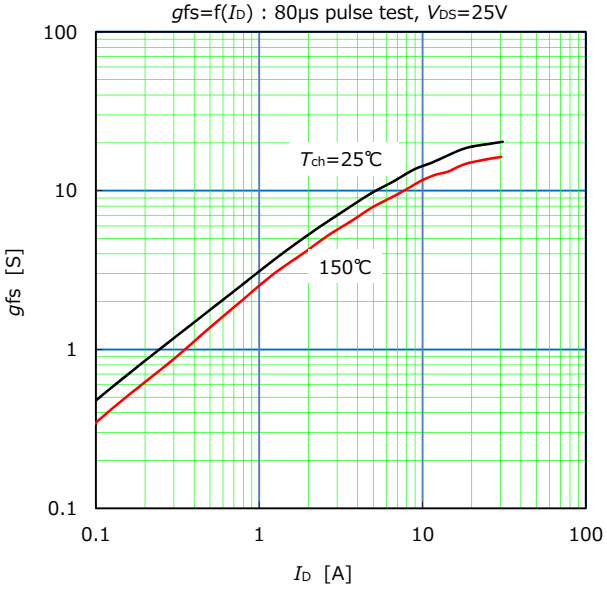
Gate Threshold Voltage vs. T_{ch}
$V_{GS(th)}$=f(T_{ch}) : V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D=3.5mA



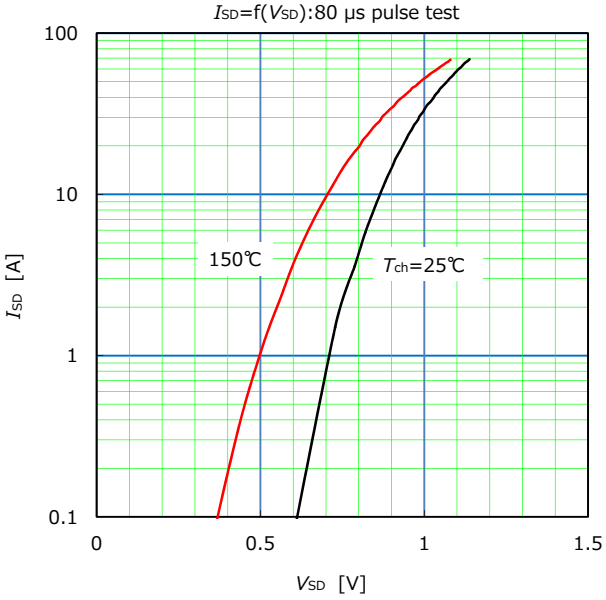
Typical Transfer Characteristic
I_D=f(V_{GS}) : 80μs pulse test, V_{DS}=25V



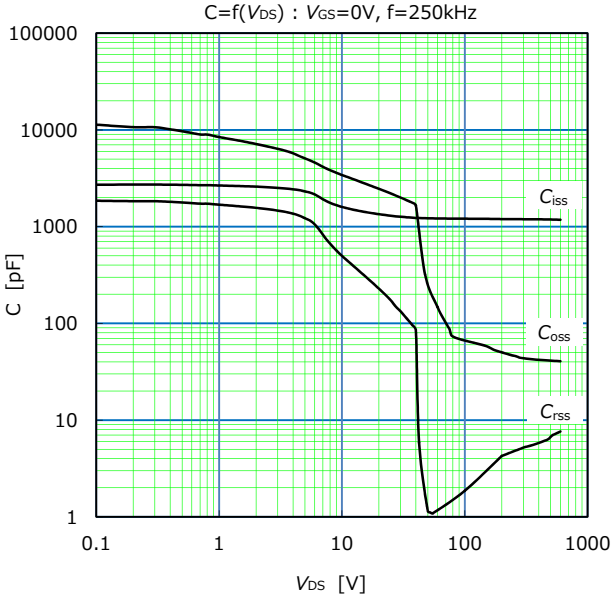
Typical Transconductance
$g$fs=f(I_D) : 80μs pulse test, V_{DS}=25V



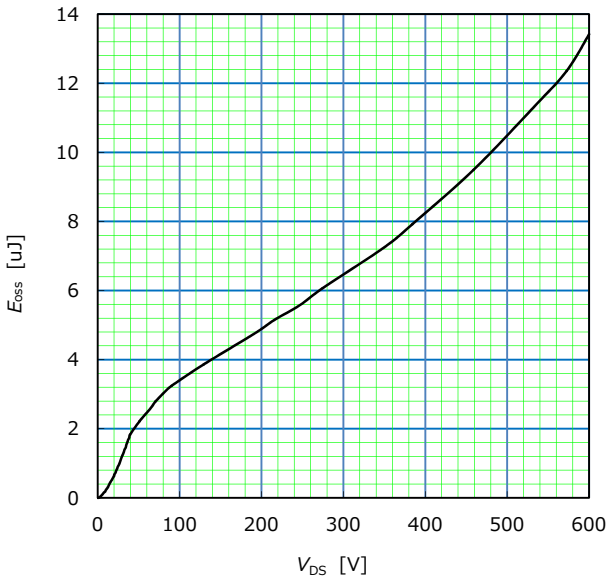
Typical Forward Characteristics of Reverse Diode
I_{SD}=f(V_{SD}):80 μs pulse test



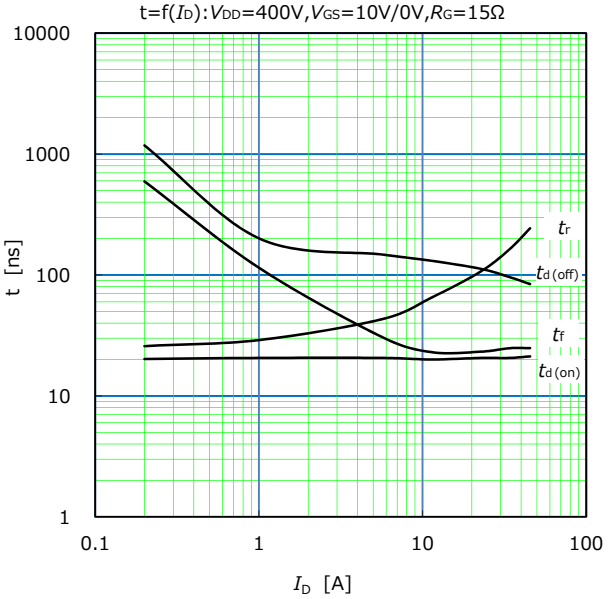
Typical Capacitance
C=f(V_{DS}) : V_{GS}=0V, f=250kHz



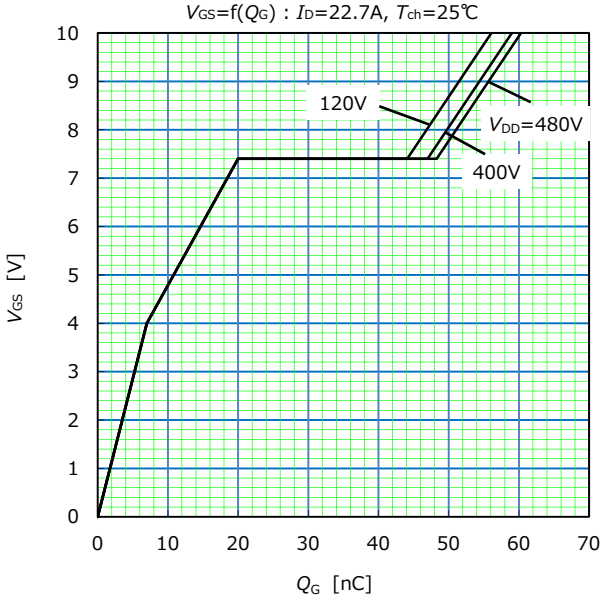
Typical C_{oss} stored energy



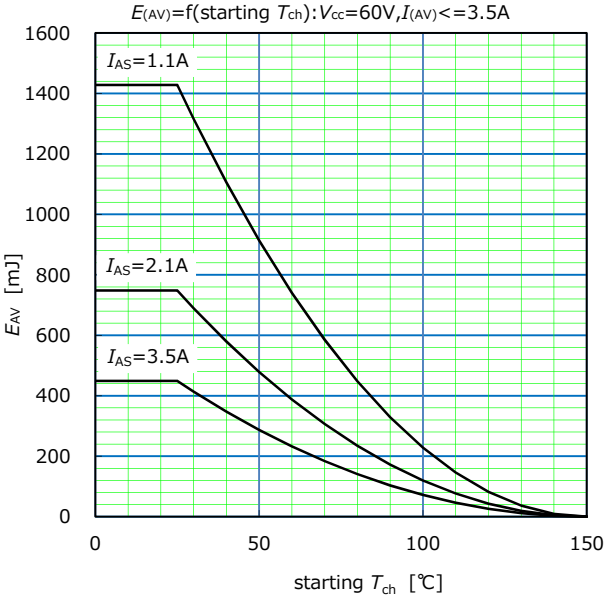
Typical Switching Characteristics vs. I_D T_{ch}=25℃
t=f(I_D):V_{DD}=400V,V_{GS}=10V/0V,R_G=15Ω



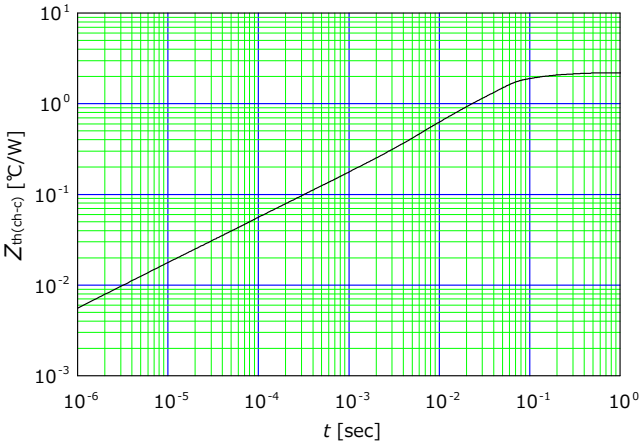
Typical Gate Charge Characteristics
V_{GS}=f(Q_G) : I_D=22.7A, T_{ch}=25℃



Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. starting T_{ch}
$E_{(AV)}$=f(starting T_{ch}):V_{cc}=60V,$I_{(AV)}$<=3.5A



Transient Thermal Impedance
$Z_{th(ch-c)}$=f(t):D=0



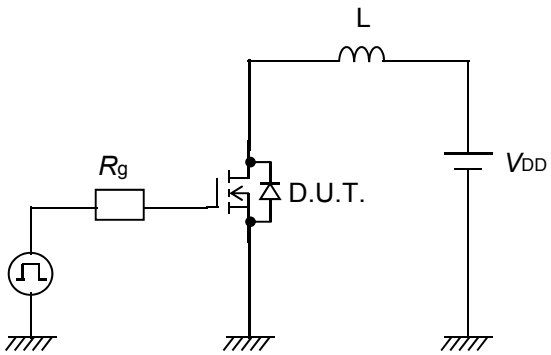


Fig.1 Avalanche Test circuit

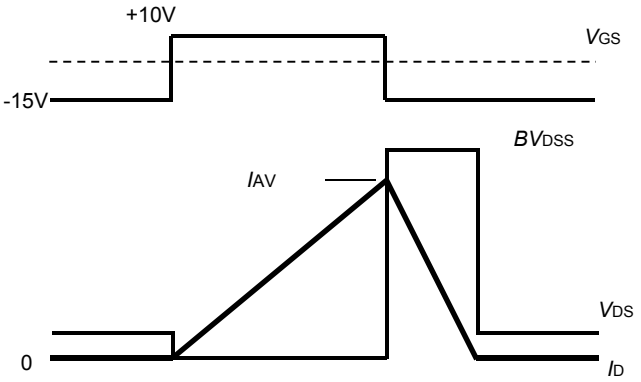


Fig.2 Operating waveforms of Avalanche Test

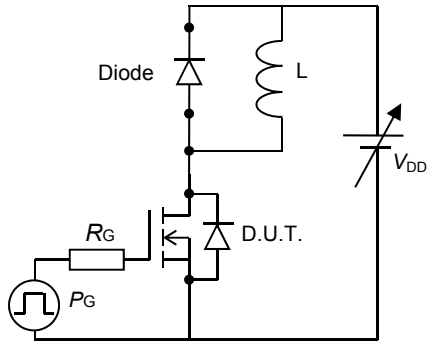


Fig.3 Switching Test circuit

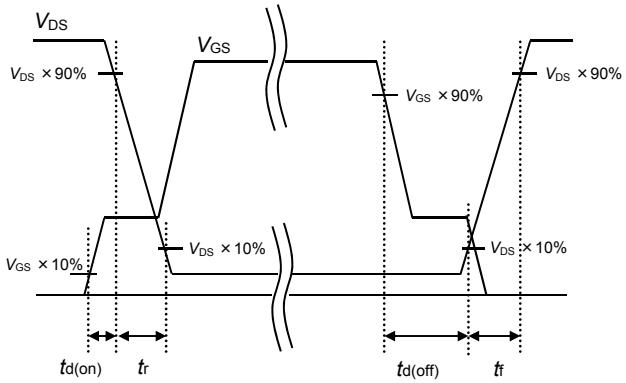


Fig.4 Operating waveform of Switching Test

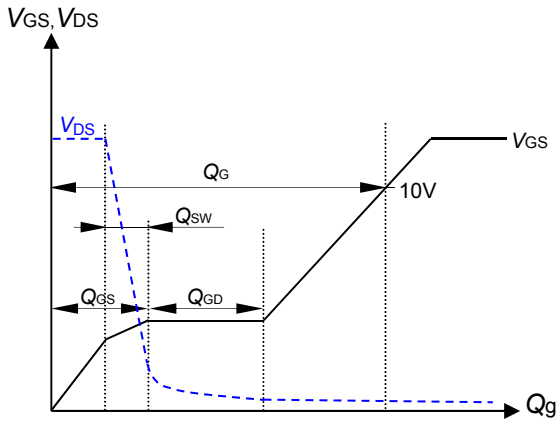


Fig.5 Operating waveform of Gate charge Test

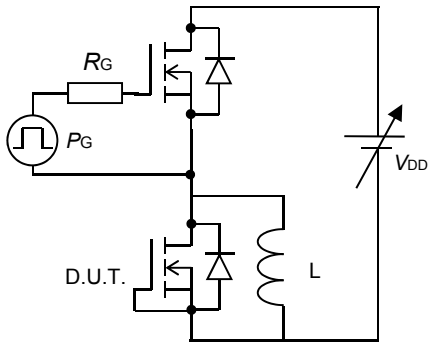


Fig.6 Reverse recovery Test circuit

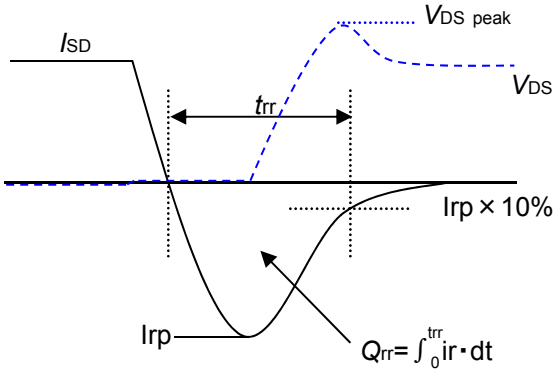
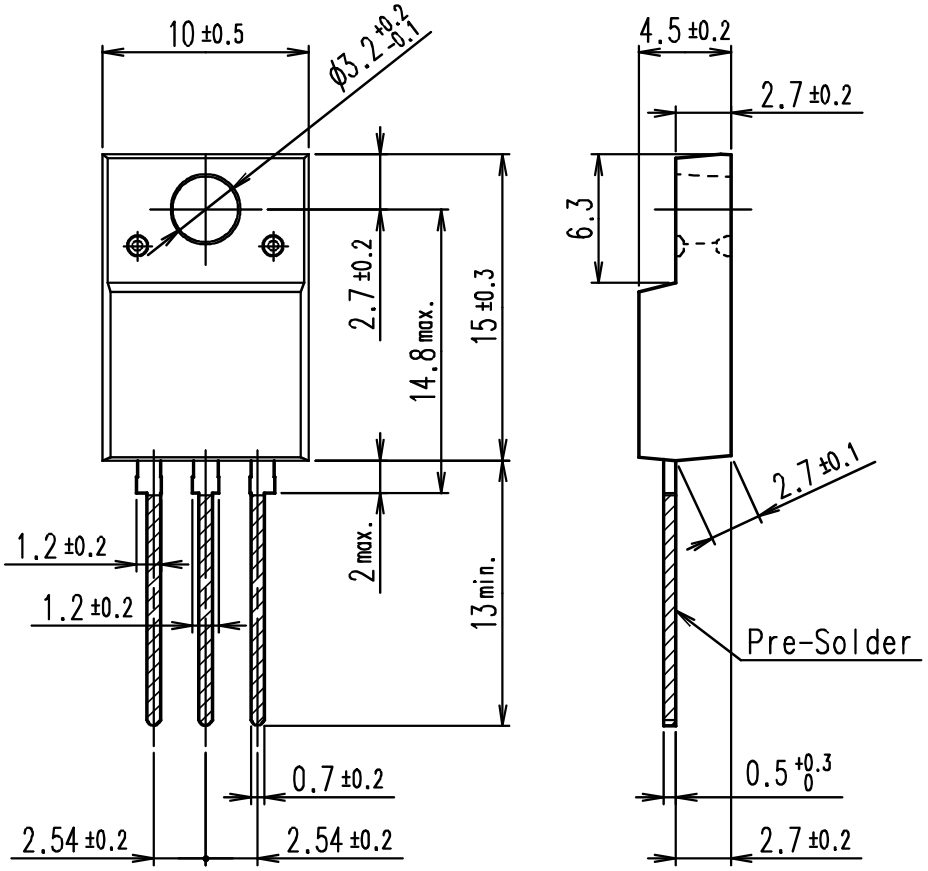
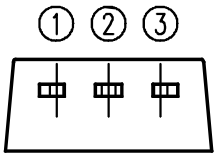


Fig.7 Operating waveform of Reverse recovery Test

Outview: TO-220F(SLS) Package

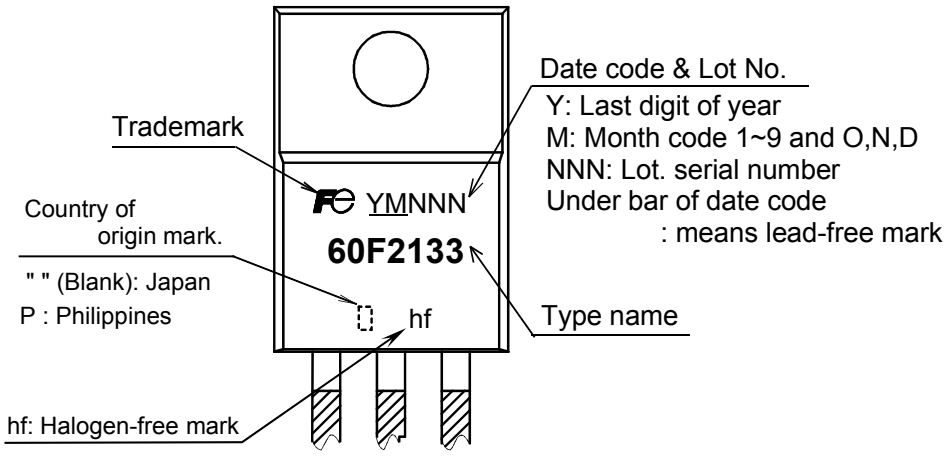




Connection
① Gate
② Drain
③ Source

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

Marking



* The font (font type,size) and the trademark-size might be actually different.

WARNING

1. This Catalog contains the product specifications, characteristics, data, materials, and structures as of March 2017.
The contents are subject to change without notice for specification changes or other reasons. When using a product listed in this Catalog, be sur to obtain the latest specifications.

2. All applications described in this Catalog exemplify the use of Fuji's products for your reference only. No right or license, either express or implied, under any patent, copyright, trade secret or other intellectual property right owned by Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. is (or shall be deemed) granted. Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. makes no representation or warranty, whether express or implied, relating to the infringement or alleged infringement of other's intellectual property rights which may arise from the use of the applications described herein.

3. Although Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. is enhancing product quality and reliability, a small percentage of semiconductor products may become faulty. When using Fuji Electric semiconductor products in your equipment, you are requested to take adequate safety measures to prevent the equipment from causing a physical injury, fire, or other problem if any of the products become faulty. It is recommended to make your design failsafe, flame retardant, and free of malfunction.

4. The products introduced in this Catalog are intended for use in the following electronic and electrical equipment which has normal reliability requirements.
- Computers
- OA equipment
- Communications equipment (terminal devices)
- Measurement equipment
- Machine tools
- Audiovisual equipment
- Electrical home appliances
- Personal equipment
- Industrial robots etc.

5. If you need to use a product in this Catalog for equipment requiring higher reliability than normal, such as for the equipment listed below, it is imperative to contact Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. to obtain prior approval. When using these products for such equipment, take adequate measures such as a backup system to prevent the equipment from malfunctioning even if a Fuji's product incorporated in the equipment becomes faulty.
- Transportation equipment (mounted on cars and ships)
- Trunk communications equipment
- Traffic-signal control equipment
- Gas leakage detectors with an auto-shut-off feature
- Emergency equipment for responding to disasters and anti-burglary devices
- Safety devices
- Medical equipment

6. Do not use products in this Catalog for the equipment requiring strict reliability such as the following and equivalents to strategic equipment (without limitation).
- Space equipment
- Aeronautic equipment
- Nuclear control equipment
- Submarine repeater equipment

8. If you have any question about any portion in this Catalog, ask Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. or its sales agents before using the product.
Neither Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. nor its agents shall be liable for any injury caused by any use of the products not in accordance with instructions set forth herein.